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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

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RAUL ORELLANA,  
*on behalf of himself and  
FLSA Collective Plaintiffs,*

Plaintiff,

v.

Case No.:

**COMPLAINT**

**Jury Trial Demanded**

TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK,  
LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD.  
and LEON SILVERBERG,

Defendants.

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Plaintiff, RAUL ORELLANA, (hereinafter, “Plaintiff”), on behalf of himself and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, by and through his undersigned attorney, hereby files this Complaint against Defendants, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK, LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD. and LEON SILVERBERG (each individually, “Defendant” or, collectively, “Defendants”), and states as follows:

## **INTRODUCTION**

1. Plaintiff alleges, pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, 29 U.S.C. §§201 *et. seq.* (“FLSA”), that he and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) liquidated damages and (4) attorneys’ fees and costs.

2. Plaintiff further alleges that, pursuant to the New York Labor Law, he and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are entitled to recover from Defendants: (1) unpaid overtime, (2) unpaid minimum wages, (3) unpaid spread-of-hours premium (4) liquidated damages and statutory penalties and (5) attorneys’ fees and costs.

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

3. This Court has jurisdiction over this controversy pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b), 28 U.S.C. §§1331, 1337 and 1343, and has supplemental jurisdiction over state law claims of Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.

4. Venue is proper in the Eastern District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391.

## **PARTIES**

5. Plaintiff, RAUL ORELLANA, is a resident of Nassau County, New York.

6. Upon information and belief, Defendant, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK, is a religious corporation organized under the laws of New York, with a principal place of business located at 108 Old Mill Road, Great Neck, New York 11023. Defendant TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK operates a variety of commercial activities such as catering and ritual shop businesses that generate revenues.

7. Upon information and belief, Defendant, LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD., is a domestic business corporation organized under the laws of New York, with a

principal place of business located at 108 Old Mill Road, Great Neck, New York 11023 and an address for service of process located at c/o Abrams, Fensterman, Fensterman, Eisman et al, ATTN: Howard S. Fensterman, Esq., 1111 Marcus Avenue, STE 107, Lake Success, New York 11042. Defendant LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD. is under the management and control of Defendant TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK.

8. Upon information and belief, Defendant, LEON SILVERBERG, is the Executive Director of Defendants, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK and LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD. LEON SILVERBERG exercised control over the terms and conditions of Plaintiff's employment and those of FLSA Collective Plaintiffs. With respect to Plaintiff and other FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, he exercised his power to (i) fire and hire, (ii) determine rate and method of pay, (iii) set employee schedules, and (iv) otherwise affect the quality of employment.

9. Defendants, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK and LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD. operate as a single integrated enterprise. In addition, Defendant LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD. is under the management and control of Defendant TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK.

10. At all relevant times, each of Defendants, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK and LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD., was and continues to be an "enterprise engaged in commerce" within the meaning of the FLSA.

11. At all relevant times, the work performed by Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs were directly essential to the business operated by Defendants.

12. Plaintiff has fulfilled all conditions precedent to the institution of this action and/or such conditions have been waived.

13. Plaintiff brings claims for relief as a collective action pursuant to FLSA Section 16(b), 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), on behalf of all non-exempt persons employed by Defendants on or after the date that is six years before the filing of the Complaint in this case as defined herein (“FLSA Collective Plaintiffs”).

14. At all relevant times, Plaintiff and the other FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are and have been similarly situated, have had substantially similar job requirements and pay provisions, and are and have been subjected to Defendants’ decisions, policies, plans, programs, practices, procedures, protocols, routines, and rules, all culminating in a willful failure and refusal to pay them minimum wage and overtime premium at the rate of one and one half times the regular rate for all hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per workweek. The claims of Plaintiff stated herein are essentially the same as those of the other FLSA Collective Plaintiffs.

15. The claims for relief are properly brought under and maintained as an opt-in collective action pursuant to §16(b) of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. 216(b). The FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are readily ascertainable. For purposes of notice and other purposes related to this action, their names and addresses are readily available from the Defendants. Notice can be provided to the FLSA Collective Plaintiffs via first class mail to the last address known to Defendants.

### **STATEMENT OF FACTS**

16. In or about June 2010, Plaintiff RAUL ORELLANA was hired by Defendants and/or their predecessors, as applicable, to work as a porter for Defendants’ caterer located at 108 Old Mill Road, Great Neck, New York 11023. Plaintiff, RAUL ORELLANA, worked for Defendants until on or about March 12, 2017.

17. Throughout his entire employment, Plaintiff, RAUL ORELLANA, worked over forty (40) hours per week. Throughout his entire employment, Plaintiff, RAUL ORELLANA, regularly worked shifts exceeding ten (10) hours in length.

18. Specifically, throughout his entire employment, Plaintiff RAUL ORELLANA worked six (6) days a week as follows: from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., for five (5) days of the week and from 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., for one (1) day of the week; for a total of fifty four and a half hours per week (54.5). Starting in or about January 2017, Plaintiff was no longer required to clock in when entering work.

19. Throughout his entire employment, Plaintiff RAUL ORELLANA received an hourly rate of \$10.33 per hour; he was paid biweekly. In addition, throughout his entire employment, Plaintiff received overtime premium only for hours worked in excess of fifty (50) or fifty-five (55) hours in a workweek.

20. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs the FLSA overtime rate (of time and one-half) or the New York State overtime rate (of time and one-half).

21. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying either the FLSA minimum wage or the New York State minimum wage to the Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs.

22. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not paying the New York State “spread of hours” premium to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees.

23. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

24. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage notice to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees at the beginning of employment and annually thereafter, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

25. Plaintiff retained Lee Litigation Group, PLLC to represent them and other employees similarly situated in this litigation and has agreed to pay the firm a reasonable fee for its services.

### **STATEMENT OF CLAIM**

#### **COUNT I**

#### **VIOLATION OF THE FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT**

26. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 25 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

27. At all relevant times, upon information and belief, Defendants were and continue to be employers engaged in interstate commerce and/or the production of goods for commerce within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a). Further, Plaintiff is a covered individual within the meaning of the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 206(a) and 207 (a).

28. At all relevant times, Defendants employed Plaintiff within the meaning of the FLSA.

29. Upon information and belief, at all relevant times, each of Defendants, TEMPLE ISRAEL OF GREAT NECK and LEDERMAN CATERERS OF GREAT NECK, LTD., had gross revenues in excess of \$500,000.

30. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay overtime compensation at the statutory rate of time and one-half to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs for their hours worked in excess of forty hours per workweek.

31. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs overtime compensation in the lawful amount for hours worked in excess of the maximum hours provided for in the FLSA.

32. Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs worked hours for which they were not paid by Defendants the statutory minimum wage.

33. At all relevant times, the Defendants had a policy and practice of refusing to pay the statutory minimum wage to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs for their hours worked.

34. Records, if any, concerning the number of hours worked by Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs and the actual compensation paid to Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs are in the possession and custody of the Defendants. Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs intend to obtain these records by appropriate discovery proceedings to be taken promptly in this case and, if necessary, will then seek leave of Court to amend this Complaint to set forth the precise amount due.

35. Defendants knew of and/or showed a willful disregard for the provisions of the FLSA as evidenced by their failure to compensate Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs at the statutory rate of time and one-half for their hours worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week when Defendants knew or should have known such was due.

36. Defendants knew of and/or showed a willful disregard for the provisions of the FLSA as evidenced by their failure to compensate Plaintiff and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs at the statutory minimum wage when Defendants knew or should have known such was due.

37. Defendants failed to properly disclose or apprise Plaintiff of his rights under the FLSA.

38. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' willful disregard of the FLSA, Plaintiff is entitled to liquidated damages pursuant to the FLSA.

39. Due to the intentional, willful and unlawful acts of Defendants, Plaintiff suffered damages, plus an equal amount as liquidated damages.

40. Plaintiff is entitled to an award of his reasonable attorneys' fees and costs pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §216(b).

## **COUNT II**

### **VIOLATION OF THE NEW YORK LABOR LAW**

41. Plaintiff realleges and reavers Paragraphs 1 through 40 of this Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

42. At all relevant times, Plaintiff was employed by the Defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law, §§2 and 651.

43. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff overtime compensation at rates not less than one and one-half times the regular rate of pay for each hour worked in excess of forty hours in a workweek.

44. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay Plaintiff minimum wages in the lawful amount for hours worked.

45. Defendants willfully violated Plaintiff's rights by failing to pay "spread of hours" premium to Plaintiff for each workday that exceeded ten (10) or more hours.



46. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage statement to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

47. Defendants knowingly and willfully operated their business with a policy of not providing a proper wage notice to Plaintiff and other non-exempt employees at the beginning of employment and annually thereafter, in violation of the New York Labor Law.

48. Due to the Defendants' New York Labor Law violations, Plaintiff is entitled to recover from Defendants his unpaid overtime, unpaid minimum wages, unpaid "spread of hours" premium, statutory penalties, damages for unreasonably delayed payments, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs and disbursements of the action.

#### **PRAYER FOR RELIEF**

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff on behalf of himself and FLSA Collective Plaintiffs, respectfully requests that this Court grant the following relief:

- a. A declaratory judgment that the practices complained of herein are unlawful under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;
- b. An injunction against Defendants and their officers, agents, successors, employees, representatives and any and all persons acting in concert with them as provided by law, from engaging in each of the unlawful practices, policies and patterns set forth herein;
- c. An award of unpaid overtime compensation due under the FLSA and New York Labor Law;
- d. An award of unpaid minimum wages due under the FLSA and the New York Labor Law;

- e. An award of unpaid “spread of hours” premium due under the New York Labor Law;
- f. An award of liquidated and/or punitive damages as a result of Defendants’ willful failure to pay minimum wages pursuant to the New York Labor Law;
- g. An award of statutory penalties, and prejudgment and postjudgment interest;
- h. An award of costs and expenses of this action together with reasonable attorneys’ and expert fees; and
- i. Such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

**JURY DEMAND**

Pursuant to Rule 38(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff demands trial by jury on all issues so triable as of right by jury.

Dated: June 14, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

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By: /s/ C.K. Lee  
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